

# Juniper EX4600 Series Ethernet Switches Datasheet



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### **OVERVIEW**

The EX4600 line of Ethernet switches delivers data center class scale, high availability, and high performance to campus distribution deployments. The EX4600 offers fixed 10 Gpbs and modular 10 Gpbs and 40 Gbps ports, giving it the flexibility to also be implemented in data center top-of-rack and service provider aggregation deployments.

### PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Featuring up to 72 wire-speed 10GbE small form-factor pluggable and pluggable plus transceiver (SFP/SFP+) ports, and up to 12 wire-speed 40GbE quad SFP+ transceiver (QSFP+) ports in a compact one rack unit (1 U) platform, the Juniper Networks® EX4600 Ethernet Switch delivers 1.44 Tbps of Layer 2 and Layer 3 connectivity to networked devices such as secure routers, servers, and other switches. The EX4600 base switch provides 24 fixed 1GbE SFP/10GbE SFP+ ports and 4 fixed 40GbE QSFP+ ports, providing the flexibility to support mixed 1GbE, 10GbE and 40GbE environments. A total of four models are available: two featuring AC power supplies and front-to-back or back-to-front airflow; and two featuring DC power supplies and front-to-back or back-to-front airflow. Each model includes dual power supplies.

All versions feature two expansion slots that can accommodate optional expansion modules, providing tremendous configuration and deployment flexibility for enterprise distribution networks. Two expansion modules are available:

- 8xGBASE/10GBASE SFP/SFP+ fiber expansion module
- 4x40GbE QSFP+ expansion module

## APPEARANCE

Figure 1. Juniper EX4600



#### FEATURES AND BENEFITS

EX4600 Ethernet switches include the following key features and benefits:

- **High performance:** Each EX4600 supports up to 1.44 Tbps of bandwidth or 1.07 Bpps at the minimum Ethernet frame size, with 24 line-rate 10GbE fixed ports, 4 40GbE fixed ports, and 2 expansion slots that can each support either a 4x40GbE module or an 8x10GbE module.
- Unified in-service software upgrade (unified ISSU): With its Intel core processor, the EX4600 switch allows Junos OS to run within a virtual machine (VM) on Linux. Junos OS runs in two separate VMs in active and standby pairs; during software upgrade cycles, the switches seamlessly move to the newer software version while maintaining intact data plane traffic. This true topology-independent ISSU (TISSU), an industry-first software upgrade feature for a fixed-configuration top-of-rack switch, is supported across all L2 and L3 protocols and doesn't need the support of any other switches to perform an image upgrade.
- **High availability:** EX4600 switches offer dual internal load-sharing AC power supplies and redundant variable-speed fans as standard features, protecting the switch from a single power supply or fan failure. DC power options are also available.
- **Automation:** The EX4600 switches support a number of features for network automation and plug-and-play operations. Features include zero touch provisioning (ZTP), operations and event scripts, automatic rollback, and Python scripting. The switch also offers support for integration with VMware NSX Layer 2 Gateway Services, Puppet, and OpenStack.
- Energy efficient: Consuming less than five watts per 10GbE interface, the EX4600 offers a low power solution for 10GbE top-of-rack, end-of-row, and distribution deployments. The EX4600 switches also improve cooling efficiency with redundant variable-speed fans that automatically adjust their speed based on existing conditions to reduce power consumption.
- Small footprint: The EX4600 supports up to 72 wire-speed 10GbE ports in a single 1 U platform.
- Juniper Extension Toolkit: An evolution of the Junos software developer's kit (SDK), Juniper Extension Toolkit (JET) provides a modern, programmatic interface for third-party application developers.
- Flexible forwarding table: The EX4600's flexible forwarding table allows the hardware table to be carved into configurable partitions of L2 media access control (MAC), L3 host, and longest prefix match (LPM) tables. In a pure Layer 2 environment, the EX4600 supports up to 288,000 MAC addresses. In Layer 3 mode, the table can support up to 128,000 host entries; in LPM mode, it can

support up to 128,000 prefixes. Junos OS provides configurable options through a CLI so that each EX4600 can be optimized for different deployment scenarios.

- Intelligent buffer management: EX4600 switches have a total of 12 MB shared buffers. While 25 percent of the total buffer space is dedicated, the rest is shared among all ports and is user configurable. The intelligent buffer mechanism in the EX4600 effectively absorbs traffic bursts while providing deterministic performance, significantly increasing performance over static allocation.
- Insight technology for analytics: The EX4600 provides dynamic buffer utilization monitoring and reporting with an interval of 10 milliseconds to provide microburst and latency insight. It calculates both queue depth and latency, and logs messages when configured thresholds are crossed. Interface traffic statistics can be monitored at two-second granularity. The data can be viewed via CLI, system log, or streamed to external servers for more analysis. Supported reporting formats include Java Script Object Notification (JSON), comma-separated values (CSV), and tab-separated values (TSV). These files can be consumed by orchestration systems, SDN controllers, or network management applications (such as Juniper Networks Junos Space Network Director) to make better network design decisions and identify network hotspots.
- MPLS: EX4600 switches support a broad set of MPLS features, including L2VPN, L3VPN, IPv6 provider edge router (6PE), RSVP traffic engineering, and LDP to allow standards-based network segmentation and virtualization. The EX4600 can be deployed as a low-latency MPLS label-switching router (LSR) or MPLS provider edge (PE) router in smaller scale environments. The EX4600 is the industry's only compact, low-latency, high-density, low-power switch to offer an MPLS feature set.
- MACsec: The EX4600 is capable of MACsec features on all 10GbE ports to support 400 Gbps of near line-rate hardware-based traffic encryption on all fiber ports, including the base unit and optional 10GbE expansion modules. MACsec in software will be enabled in a future release.

#### **Additional Features**

- System status LEDs
- Versatile two- and four-post rack mounting options
- Front-to-back and back-to-front airflow options
- AC and DC power supply options
- Spare chassis SKU without power supply or fans for sparing purposes
- Support for jumbo frames (9,000)

- Quality of service (IEEE 802.1p marking)
- Multicast (Internet Group Management Protocol v1/v2/v3 snooping)
- Layer 2 features including support for 4,096 VLAN IDs, Spanning Tree (802.1s and 802.1w), bridge protocol data unit (BPDU) guard, 802.3as Link Distribution
- Management features including Telnet and SSH v1/v2, SNMP v1-v3, RADIUS, TACACS+, and RMON

Table 1. Models of Juniper EX4600 Switches

SKU	Configuration	Power Consumption
EX4600-40F-AFO	Fixed 10GbE ports with 10G-USR optics, all ports  forwarding (line rate) < 10 m.	279 W
EX4600-40F-AFI	<ul><li>forwarding (line rate), &lt;10 m</li><li>4 fixed 40GbE ports with 40G-SR4 optics</li></ul>	285 W
EX4600-40F-DC-AFO	1 4x40GbE QIC card with 4 40G-SR4 optics	392 W
EX4600-40F-DC-AFI	1 8x10GbE QIC card with 8 10G-USR optics, all ports forwarding (line rate), <10 m	320 W
	Dual power supplies	

## **SPECIFICATIONS**

Table 2. Specifications of Juniper EX4600 Switches

Physical Specifications	
Hardware	<ul> <li>Switching capacity: 720 Gbps (unidirectional)/1.44 Tbps (bidirectional)</li> <li>Layer 2/Layer 3 throughput (maximum with 64 byte packets): 1,071 Mpps (wire speed)</li> <li>Weight: 21.7 lb (9.84 kg) with PSUs and fans installed</li> <li>Dimensions (HxWxD): 1.72 x17.36 x 20.48 in (4.37 x 44.09 x 52.02 cm)</li> <li>Switching mode: Cut-through and store-and-forward</li> <li>Front-to-back or back-to-front airflow (for hot aisle/cold aisle deployment)</li> <li>Management and rear console port connections</li> <li>Predicted mean time between failures (MTBF): 150,000 hours</li> </ul>

	Predicted FIT rate: 4,987
Interface Options	• 1GbE SFP: 24(40) (with 10GbE expansion modules)
	• 10GbE SFP+: 24(40/72) (with 10GbE expansion modules/with fixed 40GbE ports using breakout cables)
	• 40GbE QSFP+: 4(12) (with expansion modules)
	- Each fixed QSFP+ port can be configured as a 4x10GbE interface
	- Each QSFP+ port can be configured as a 40 Gbps port
	- USB port
	- Console port
	- 2 management ports: 1 RJ-45 and 1 SFP
	- Supported transceiver and direct attach cable
	- SFP+ 10GbE optical modules
	- SFP+ DAC cables: 1/3/5 m direct-attached copper and 1/3/5/7/10 m active direct-attached copper
	- SFP GbE optical and copper module
	- QSFP+ to SFP+ 10GbE direct attach break-out copper (1/3 m direct-attached copper cable)
Rack Installation Kit	Versatile four post mounting options for 19-in server rack or datacom rack
Airflow	Front-to-back and back-to-front cooling
	Redundant variable-speed fans to reduce power draw
Power Supply and Fan Modules	Dual redundant (1+1) and hot-pluggable power supplies
	• 110-240 V single phase AC power
	• -36 to -72 V DC power
	<ul> <li>Redundant (N+1) and hot-pluggable fan modules for front-to-back and back-to-front airflow</li> </ul>
Performance Scale	MAC addresses per system: 288,000*
(Unidimensional)	• VLAN IDs: 4,091
	Number of ports per LAG: 32
	FCoE scale:
	- Number of FCoE VLANs/FC virtual fabrics: 4,095

	<ul> <li>IPv4 unicast routes: 128,000 prefixes; 208,000 host routes; 64 ECMP paths</li> <li>(roadmap)</li> </ul>
	IPv4 multicast routes: 104,000
	IPv6 multicast routes: 52,000
	IPv6 unicast routes: 64,000 prefixes
	Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) entries: 48,000
	Jumbo frame: 9,216 bytes
	* MAC address table uses a hash-based scheme to program entries; therefore,
	some entries may not be programmed due to hash index collision.
Access Control Lists (ACLs)	Port-based ACL (PACL): Ingress and egress
	VLAN-based ACL (VACL): Ingress and egress
	Router-based ACL (RACL): Ingress and egress
	ACL entries (ACE) in hardware per system:
	- Ingress ACL: 1,536
	- Egress ACL: 1,024
	ACL counter for denied packets
	ACL counter for permitted packets
	Ability to add/remove/change ACL entries in middle of list (ACL editing)
	• L2-L4 ACL
	IPv6 ACL
	Firewall filter on loopback interface
	Firewall filter on management interface
Spanning Tree Protocol (STP)	Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) instances: 64
	VLAN Spanning Tree Protocol (VSTP) instances: 253
Traffic Mirroring	Mirroring destination ports per switch: 4
	Maximum number of mirroring sessions: 4
	Mirroring destination VLANs per switch: 4
Layer 2 Features	• STP—IEEE 802.1D (802.1D-2004)
	Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) (IEEE 802.1w); MSTP (IEEE 802.1s)
	Bridge protocol data unit (BPDU) protect
	Loop protect

	Root protect
	RSTP and VSTP running concurrently
	VLAN—IEEE 802.1Q VLAN trunking
	Routed VLAN interface (RVI)
	Port-based VLAN
	MAC address filtering
	GRE tunneling
	QinQ (roadmap)
	VLAN translation
	Static MAC address assignment for interface
	Per VLAN MAC learning (limit)
	MAC learning disable
	• Link Aggregation and Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP) (IEEE 802.3ad)
	IEEE 802.1AB Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)
	MAC notification
	MAC address aging configuration
	MAC address filtering
	Persistent MAC (sticky MAC)
Link Aggregation	Multichassis link aggregation (MC-LAG) - Layer 2, Layer 3, VRRP, STP
	Redundant trunk group (RTG)
	LAG load sharing algorithm—bridged or routed (unicast or multicast) traffic:
	IP: SIP, Dynamic Internet Protocol (DIP), TCP/UDP source port, TCP/UDP destination port
	Layer 2 and non-IP: MAC SA, MAC DA, Ethertype, VLAN ID, source port
	• FCoE packet: Source ID (SID), destination ID (DID), originator exchange ID (OXID), source port
Layer 3 Features (IPv4)	Static routing
	Routing policy
	<ul> <li>Routing protocols (RIP, OSPF, IS-IS, BGP, MBGP)</li> </ul>
	Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP)

	Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD) protocol
	Virtual router
	Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) relay
	Proxy Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)
	Multicast Features
	• Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP): v1, v2, v3
	• IGMP snooping: v1, v2, v3
	IGMP filter
	• PIM-SM
	Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP)
	Security and Filters
	Secure interface login and password
	• RADIUS
	• TACACS+
	• Ingress and egress filters: Allow and deny, port filters, VLAN filters, and routed filters, including management port filters
	• Filter actions: Logging, system logging, reject, mirror to an interface,
	counters, assign forwarding class, permit, drop, police, mark
	• SSH v1, v2
	Static ARP support
	Storm control, port error disable, and autorecovery
	Control plane denial-of-service (DoS) protection
	Dynamic ARP inspection (DAI)
	- Sticky MAC address
	DHCP snooping
	Filter based forwarding
	IP directed broadcast traffic forwarding
	IPv4 over GRE (encap and decap)
Layer 3 Features (IPv6)	Static routing
	• Routing protocols (RIPng, OSPF v3, IS-IS v6, BGP v6)
	• Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP v3)

	IPv6 CoS (BA, MF classification and rewrite, scheduling based on TC)
	IPv6 over MPLS LSPs (6PE)
	IPv6 ping
	IPv6 traceroute
	Neighbor discovery protocol
	Path MTU discovery
	SNMP, NTP, DNS, RADIUS, TACACS+, AAA
	Virtual router support for IPv6 unicast
Quality of Service (QoS)	L2 and L3 QoS: Classification, rewrite, queuing
	Rate limiting:
	- Ingress policing: 1 rate 2 color, 2 rate 3 color
	- Egress policing: Policer, policer mark down action
	- Egress shaping: Per queue, per port
	• 12 hardware queues per port (8 unicast and 4 multicast)
	Strict priority queuing (LLQ), smoothed deficit weighted round-robin
	(SDWRR), weighted random early detection (WRED), weighted tail drop
	802.1p remarking
	L2 classification criteria: Interface, MAC address, Ethertype, 802.1p, VLAN
	Congestion avoidance capabilities: WRED
	• Trust IEEE 802.1p (ingress)
	Remarking of bridged packets
	Priority-based flow control (PFC)—IEEE 802.1Qbb
	<ul> <li>Data Center Bridging Exchange Protocol (DCBX), DCBx FCoE, and iSCSI type, length, and value (TLVs)</li> </ul>
	Fibre Channel over Ethernet (FCoE)
	FCoE transit switch (FIP snooping ACL installation)
	Virtual fiber channel gateway
	FCoE session path learning
	FCoE session health monitoring
	Graceful restart for FIP snooping
	FC-BB-6 VN2VN snooping

Virtual Chassis	40GbE and 10GbE as Virtual Chassis port
	Virtual Chassis Routing Engine (RE) election
	Virtual Chassis pre-provisioning (plug and play)
	Auto-LAG formation of Virtual Chassis ports
	Mixed Virtual Chassis support between EX4300-EX4600 (in data center only)
	FCoE transit across Virtual Chassis members
	QoS on Virtual Chassis ports
	Local designated forwarding
	Graceful RE switchover (GRES)
	Nonstop routing (NSR)
	Nonstop bridging (NSB)
	Monitor distributed aggregate interface
	Control plane protection for virtual RE
High Availability	ISSU (in standalone and MC-LAG configuration)
	Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD)
	Uplink failure detection (UFD)
	Graceful Routing Engine switchover (GRES) in Virtual Chassis configuration
	Non-stop bridging (NSB) in Virtual Chassis configuration
	Non-stop routing (NSR) in Virtual Chassis configuration
	Non-stop software upgrade (NSSU) in Virtual Chassis configuration
MPLS	VRF-Lite
	2-label stack
	Static label-switched paths (LSPs)
	RSVP-based signaling of LSPs
	LDP-based signaling of LSPs
	LDP tunneling (LDP over RSVP)
	MPLS class of service (CoS)
	MPLS access control list (ACL)/policers
	MPLS LSR support
	Push, swap, pop, IP lookup

	IPv6 tunneling (6PE) (via IPv4 MPLS backbone)
	MPLS Operation, Administration, and Maintenance (OAM)
	LSP ping
	• IPv4 L3VPN (RFC 2547, 4364)
	• Ethernet-over-MPLS (L2 circuit)
	• Layer 3 VPN (L3VPN)
	• Layer 2 VPN (L2VPN)
	Link protection
	MPLS fast reroute (FRR)- 1:1 Protection
	Node-link protection
Management and Operations	Junos Space Network Director (roadmap)
	Role-based CLI management and access
	CLI via console, telnet, or SSH
	Extended ping and traceroute
	Junos OS configuration rescue and rollback
	Image rollback
	• SNMP v1/v2/v3
	Junos XML management protocol
	• sFlow v5
	DHCP server
	DHCP relay on L2 VLAN & L3 interfaces (with option 82)
	DHCP local server support
	High frequency statistics collection
	Beacon LED for port and system
	Automation and orchestration
	Zero touch provisioning (ZTP)
	OpenStack Neutron Plug-in
	• Puppet
	• Chef

	Ability to execute scripts written in Python/TCL/Perl
Traffic Mirroring	Port-based
	LAG port
	• VLAN-based
	Filter-based
	Mirror to local
	• Local/L2 remote analyzer (SPAN, RSPAN for IPv4 and IPv6 frames)
	Mirror to remote destinations (L2 over VLAN)
	Insight Technology (microburst monitoring and statistics reporting)
Standards Compliance	
IEEE Standards	• IEEE 802.1D
	• IEEE 802.1w
	• IEEE 802.1
	• IEEE 802.1Q
	• IEEE 802.1p
	• IEEE 802.1ad
	• IEEE 802.3ad
	• IEEE 802.1AB
	• IEEE 802.3x
	• IEEE 802.1Qbb
	• IEEE 802.1Qaz
	IEEE 802.1Qau (roadmap)
	• IEEE 802.1Qbg (roadmap)
Supported RFCs	• RFC 768 UDP
	RFC 783 Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP)
	• RFC 791 IP
	• RFC 792 ICMP
	• RFC 793 TCP
	• RFC 826 ARP
	RFC 854 Telnet client and server
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

- RFC 894 IP over Ethernet
- RFC 903 RARP
- RFC 906 TFTP Bootstrap
- RFC 951 1542 BootP
- RFC 1058 Routing Information Protocol
- RFC 1112 IGMP v1
- RFC 1122 Host requirements
- RFC 1142 OSI IS-IS Intra-domain Routing Protocol
- RFC 1256 IPv4 ICMP Router Discovery (IRDP)
- RFC 1492 TACACS+
- RFC 1519 Classless Interdomain Routing (CIDR)
- RFC 1587 OSPF not-so-stubby area (NSSA) Option
- RFC 1591 Domain Name System (DNS)
- RFC 1745 BGP4/IDRP for IP—OSPF Interaction
- RFC 1772 Application of the Border Gateway Protocol in the Internet
- RFC 1812 Requirements for IP Version 4 routers
- RFC 1997 BGP Communities Attribute
- RFC 2030 SNTP, Simple Network Time Protocol
- RFC 2068 HTTP server
- RFC 2131 BOOTP/DHCP relay agent and Dynamic Host
- RFC 2138 RADIUS Authentication
- RFC 2139 RADIUS Accounting
- RFC 2154 OSPF w/Digital Signatures (Password, MD-5)
- RFC 2236 IGMP v2
- RFC 2267 Network ingress filtering
- RFC 2328 OSPF v2 (edge mode)
- RFC 2338 VRRP
- RFC 2362 PIM-SM (edge mode)
- RFC 2370 OSPF Opaque link-state advertisement (LSA) Option
- RFC 2385 Protection of BGP Sessions via the TCP Message Digest 5 (MD5)

Signature Option

- RFC 2439 BGP Route Flap Damping
- RFC 2453 RIP v2
- RFC 2474 Definition of the Differentiated Services Field in the IPv4 and IPv6 Headers
- RFC 2597 Assured Forwarding PHB (per-hop behavior) Group
- RFC 2598 An Expedited Forwarding PHB
- RFC 2697 A Single Rate Three Color Marker
- RFC 2698 A Two Rate Three Color Marker
- RFC 2796 BGP Route Reflection—An Alternative to Full Mesh IBGP
- RFC 2918 Route Refresh Capability for BGP-4
- RFC 3065 Autonomous System Confederations for BGP
- RFC 3376 IGMP v3 (source-specific multicast include mode only)
- RFC 3392 Capabilities Advertisement with BGP-4
- RFC 3446 Anycast RP
- RFC 3569 SSM
- RFC 3618 MSDP
- RFC 3623 Graceful OSPF Restart
- RFC 4271 Border Gateway Protocol 4 (BGP-4)
- RFC 4360 BGP Extended Communities Attribute
- RFC 4456 BGP Route Reflection: An Alternative to Full Mesh Internal BGP (IBGP)
- RFC 4486 Subcodes for BGP Cease Notification Message
- RFC 4724 Graceful Restart Mechanism for BGP
- RFC 4812 OSPF Restart Signaling
- RFC 4893 BGP Support for Four-octet AS Number Space
- RFC 5176 Dynamic Authorization Extensions to RADIUS
- RFC 5396 Textual Representation of Autonomous System (AS) Numbers
- RFC 5668 4-Octet AS Specific BGP Extended Community
- RFC 5880 Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD)
- Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) server

Supported MIBs

• RFC 1155 SMI

- RFC 1157 SNMPv1
- RFC 1212, RFC 1213, RFC 1215 MIB-II, Ethernet-Like MIB, and TRAPs
- RFC 1850 OSPFv2 MIB
- RFC 1901 Introduction to Community-based SNMPv2
- RFC 2011 SNMPv2 for Internet protocol using SMIv2
- RFC 2012 SNMPv2 for transmission control protocol using SMIv2
- RFC 2013 SNMPv2 for user datagram protocol using SMIv2
- RFC 2233, The Interfaces Group MIB using SMIv2
- RFC 2287 System Application Packages MIB
- RFC 2570 Introduction to Version 3 of the Internet-standard Network Management Framework
- RFC 2571 An Architecture for describing SNMP Management Frameworks (read-only access)
- RFC 2572 Message Processing and Dispatching for the SNMP (read-only access)
- RFC 2576 Coexistence between SNMP Version 1, Version 2, and Version 3
- RFC 2578 SNMP Structure of Management Information MIB
- RFC 2579 SNMP Textual Conventions for SMIv2
- RFC 2580 Conformance Statements for SMIv2
- RFC 2665 Ethernet-like interface MIB
- RFC 2787 VRRP MIB
- RFC 2790 Host Resources MIB
- RFC 2819 RMON MIB
- RFC 2863 Interface Group MIB
- RFC 2932 IPv4 Multicast MIB
- RFC 3410 Introduction and Applicability Statements for Internet Standard Management Framework
- RFC 3411 An architecture for describing SNMP Management Frameworks
- RFC 3412 Message Processing and Dispatching for the SNMP
- RFC 3413 Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) (all MIBs are supported except the Proxy MIB)
- RFC 3414 User-based Security Model (USM) for version 3 of SNMPv3

	RFC 3415 View-based Access Control Model (VACM) for the SNMP
	RFC 3416 Version 2 of the Protocol Operations for the SNMP
	RFC 3417 Transport Mappings for the SNMP
	RFC 3418 Management Information Base (MIB) for the SNMP
	• RFC 3584 Coexistence between Version 1, Version 2, and Version 3 of the
	Internet-standard Network Management Framework
	RFC 3826 The Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) Cipher Algorithm in the SNMP User-based Security Model
	RFC 4188 Definitions of Managed Objects for Bridges
	RFC 4318 Definitions of Managed Objects for Bridges with Rapid Spanning
	Tree Protocol
	RFC 4363b Q-Bridge VLAN MIB
Approvals	
Safety	• CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1 (2007) Information Technology Equipment— Safety
	UL 60950-1 (2nd Ed.) Information Technology Equipment—Safety
	EN 60950-1 (2005) Information Technology Equipment—Safety
	• IEC 60950-1 (2005) Information Technology Equipment—Safety (All country deviations): CB Scheme report.
	• EN 60825-1 +A1+A2 (1994) Safety of Laser Products—Part 1: Equipment Classification
	GR-63-Core (2006) Network Equipment, Building Systems (NEBS) Physical Protection
	GR-1089-Core (2006) EMC and Electrical Safety for Network  Telecommunications Equipment
	• SR-3580 (1995) NEBS Criteria Levels (Level 3)
EMC	
-	FCC 47CFR, Part 15 Class A (2009) USA Radiated Emissions
	(,
	EN 55022 Class A (2006)+ A1 2007 European Radiated Emissions
	<ul> <li>EN 55022 Class A (2006)+ A1 2007 European Radiated Emissions</li> <li>VCCI Class A (2007) Japanese Radiated Emissions</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>EN 55022 Class A (2006)+ A1 2007 European Radiated Emissions</li> <li>VCCI Class A (2007) Japanese Radiated Emissions</li> <li>BSMI CNS 13438 and NCC C6357 Taiwan Radiated Emissions</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>EN 55022 Class A (2006)+ A1 2007 European Radiated Emissions</li> <li>VCCI Class A (2007) Japanese Radiated Emissions</li> </ul>

	<ul> <li>China Restriction of Hazardous Substances (ROHS)</li> <li>Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH)</li> <li>Waste Electronics and Electrical Equipment (WEEE)</li> <li>Recycled material</li> </ul>
Telco	<ul> <li>80 Plus Silver PSU Efficiency</li> <li>Common Language Equipment Identifier (CLEI) code</li> </ul>
Environmental Ranges	<ul> <li>Operating temperature: 32° to 104° F (0° to 40° C)</li> <li>Storage temperature: -40° to 158° F (-40° to 70° C)</li> <li>Operating altitude: up to 2,000</li> <li>Relative humidity operating: 5% to 90% (noncondensing)</li> <li>Relative humidity nonoperating: 0% to 95% (noncondensing)</li> </ul>

# ORDERING INFORMATION

# Table 3. Ordering information

Product number	Product description	
Switch Hardware		
EX4600-40F-AFO	24 SFP+/SFP ports, 4 QSFP+ ports, 2 expansion slots, redundant fans, 2 AC power supplies, 2 power cords, 4-post rack mount kit, and front to back airflow	
EX4600-40F-AFI	24 SFP+/SFP ports, 4 QSFP+ ports, 2 expansion slots, redundant fans, 2 AC power supplies, 2 power cords, 4-post rack mount kit, and back to front airflow	
EX4600-40F-DC-AFO	24 SFP+/SFP ports, 4 QSFP+ ports, 2 expansion slots, redundant fans, 2 DC power supplies, 2 power cords, 4-post rack mount kit, and front to back airflow	
EX4600-40F-DC-AFI	24 SFP+/SFP ports, 4 QSFP+ ports, 2 expansion slots, redundant fans, 2 DC power supplies, 2 power cords, 4-post rack mount kit, and back to front airflow	

Modules and Spares		
JPSU-650W-AC-AFI	AC 650 W PSU, back-to-front airflow for EX4600-48S	
JPSU-650W-DC-AFI	DC 650 W PSU, back-to-front airflow for EX4600-48S	
Optics and Transceivers		
QFX-QSFP-DAC-3M	QSFP+ to QSFP+ Ethernet Direct Attach Copper (direct-attached copper cable) 3 m passive	

## WHERE TO BUY

### Want to buy this series of products? please contact:

- Tel: +1-626-239-8066 (USA) +852-3050-1066 / +852-3174-6166
- Fax: +852-3050-1066 (Hong Kong)
- Email: sales@router-switch.com (Sales Inquiries)

Or visit: Juniper EX4600 Series Ethernet Switches

#### **About us**

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## **SOURCES**

https://www.juniper.net/us/en/products-services/switching/ex-series/datasheets/1000511.page