

# Huawei

# AP8050TN-HD

# **Access Point**

Datasheet



# Product Overview...

Huawei AP8050TN-HD is an 802.11ac Wave 2 access point (AP) designed for high-density scenarios such as stadiums and outdoor courts. The 2.4 GHz radio supports 2x2 MIMO and two spatial streams; and the 5 GHz radios both support 2x2 MIMO and two spatial streams. The entire AP supports six spatial streams and a maximum rate of 2.134 Gbit/s. The ruggedized AP8050TN-HD provides excellent coverage performance, has built-in Bluetooth, and complies with 802.11a/b/g/n/ac. The AP8050TN-HD provides comprehensive service support capabilities and features high reliability, high security, simple network deployment, automatic AC discovery and configuration, and real-time management and maintenance. The AP8050TN-HD has built-in high-density smart antennas that provide more accurate coverage, applicable to high-density scenarios.



#### AP8050TN-HD

- 802.11ac Wave 2 compliance, MU-MIMO (2SU-2MU-2MU), delivering services simultaneously on one 2.4G radio and two 5G radios; 400 Mbit/s at 2.4 GHz; 867 Mbit/s at 5 GHz; and 2.134 Gbit/s for the device.
- Built-in 5 kA surge protectors; no additional surge protection device required. This design simplifies installation and saves costs.
- Uses a metal shell and heat dissipation design, adapts to a wide temperature range from –40°C to +65°C, and provides 6 kA or 6 kV surge protection capability on an Ethernet interface, and IP68 protection level, meeting industry-level use requirements.
- Supports the Fat, Fit, and cloud modes and enables Huawei cloud-based management platform to manage and operate APs and services on the APs, reducing network O&M costs.

# Feature Descriptions...

## Smart high-density antenna

Embedded with smart antennas purpose-built for high-density scenarios, the AP is easy to install, reducing network deployment costs. The directional coverage can mitigate interference between APs, meeting high-density coverage requirements of indoor stadiums.

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### Triple-radio design

The AP has three radios: one 2.4G radio and two 5G radios. When three radios work together, the device rate can reach 2.134 Gbit/s.

#### **MU-MIMO**

The AP supports MU-MIMO. MU-MIMO technology allows an AP to send data to multiple STAs at the same time (currently, most 802.11n/11ac Wave 1 APs can only send data to one STA simultaneously). The technology marks the start of the 802.11ac Wave 2 era.

#### **High-level protection**

The APs have built-in 5 kA feeder surge protectors and require no external surge protective devices, which simplifies installation and lowers costs. They use a metal shell, waterproof connectors, and an overall heat dissipation design, and provide IP68 dustproof and waterproof protection to ensure stable and reliable operations.

### Cloud-based management

Huawei Cloud Managed Network (CMN) Solution consists of the cloud management platform and a full range of cloud managed network devices. The cloud management platform provides various functions including management of APs, tenants, applications, and licenses, network planning and optimization, device monitoring, network service configuration, and value-added services.

## **High Density Boost technology**

Huawei uses the following technologies to address challenges in high-density scenarios, including access problems, data congestion, and poor roaming experience:

#### • Interference suppression

In high-density scenarios, APs are usually densely placed. Huawei uses small-angle antennas that are purpose-built for high-density scenarios to mitigate interference. These antennas have good radiation angle control and can regulate AP coverage radius to within the appropriate range. Additionally, Huawei's Clear Channel Assessment (CCA) optimization technology reduces the possibility of air interface resources shared by multiple devices, allows higher user access, and improves the throughput.

#### • Air interface performance optimization

In high-density scenarios where many users access the network, increased number of low-rate STAs consumes more resources on the air port, reduces the AP capacity, and lowers user experience. Therefore, Huawei APs will check the signal strength of STAs during access and rejects access from weak-signal STAs. At the same time, the APs monitor the rate of online STAs in real time and forcibly disconnect low-rate STAs so that the STAs can reassociate with APs that have stronger signals. The terminal access control technology can increase air interface use efficiency and allow access from more users.

#### • 5G-prior access (Band steering)

The APs support both 2.4G and 5G frequency bands. The 5G-prior access function enables an AP to steer STAs to the 5 GHz frequency band first, which reduces load and interference on the 2.4 GHz frequency band, improving the user experience.

#### Load balancing between APs

After the load balancing function is enabled, the AC distributes users evenly to APs based on user quantity and traffic volume. Traffic load is therefore balanced among APs to ensure stable AP performance.

### Smart roaming

Smart roaming technology is based on the 802.11k, 802.11v and 802.11r technologies and allows STAs to connect to APs with stronger signals, improving user experience and the overall performance of the wireless network.

#### • Agile Beam

Agile antenna polarization beam automatic adaption.

### Wired and wireless dual security guarantee

To ensure data security, Huawei APs integrate wired and wireless security measures and provide comprehensive security protection.

- Authentication and encryption for wireless access
  - The APs support WEP, WPAVWPA2–PSK, WPAVWPA2–802.1x, and WAPI authentication/encryption modes to ensure security of the wireless network. The authentication mechanism is used to authenticate user identities so that only authorized users can access network resources. The encryption mechanism is used to encrypt data transmitted over wireless links to ensure that the data can only be received and parsed by expected users.
- Analysis on non-Wi-Fi interference sources
  - Huawei APs can analyze the spectrum of non-Wi-Fi interference sources and identify them, including baby monitors, Bluetooth devices, digital cordless phones (at 2.4 GHz frequency band only), wireless audio transmitters (at both the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz frequency bands), wireless game controllers, and microwave ovens. Coupled with Huawei eSight, the precise locations of the interference sources can be detected, and the spectrum of them displayed, enabling the administrator to remove the interference in a timely manner.
- Rogue device monitoring
  - Huawei APs support WIDS/WIPS, and can monitor, identify, defend, counter, and perform refined management on the rogue devices, to provide security guarantees for air interface environment and wireless data transmission.
- AP access authentication and encryption
  - The AP access control ensures validity of APs. The CAPWAP link protection and DTLS encryption provide security assurance, improving data transmission security between the AP and the AC.

### Automatic radio calibration

Automatic radio calibration allows an AP to collect signal strength and channel parameters of surrounding APs and generate AP topology according to the collected data. Based on interference from authorized APs, rogue APs, and non-Wi-Fi interference sources, each AP automatically adjusts its transmit power and working channel to make the network operate at the optimal performance. In this way, network reliability and user experience are improved.

#### Automatic application identification

Huawei APs support smart application control technology and can implement visualized control on Layer 4 to Layer 7 applications.

- Traffic identification
  - Coupled with Huawei ACs, the APs can identify over 1600 common applications in various office scenarios. Based on the identification results, policy control can be implemented on user services, including priority adjustment, scheduling, blocking, and rate limiting to ensure efficient bandwidth resource use and improve quality of key services.
- Traffic statistics collection
  - Traffic statistics of each application can be collected globally, by SSID, or by user, enabling the network administrator to know application use status on the network. The network administrator or operator can implement visualized control on service applications on smart terminals to enhance security and ensure effective bandwidth control.

Basic Specifications //

# Hardware specifications

| Item                         |  | Description   |  |
|------------------------------|--|---|--|
|                              | Dimensions (H x W x D)                 | 100mm x 320 mm x 320 mm   |  |
| Technical<br>specifications  | Weight                                 | 3.23 kg   |  |
|                              | Interface type                         | 1 x 10/100/1000M self-adaptive Ethernet interface (RJ45×2) 1 x Management console port (RJ45) 1 x SFP fiber interface                           |  |
|                              | Bluetooth                              | BLE4.1  |  |
|                              | LED indicator                          | Indicates the power-on, startup, running, alarm, and fault states of the system.  |  |
|                              | Power input                            | PoE power supply: in compliance with IEEE 802.3at   |  |
| Power<br>specifications      | Maximum power consumption              | 19.4 W  NOTE  The actual maximum power consumption depends on local laws and regulations  |  |
|                              | Operating<br>temperature               | -40°C to +65°C  |  |
|                              | Storage temperature                    | -40°C to +85°C  |  |
|                              | Operating humidity                     | 0% to 100% (non-condensing)   |  |
| Environmental specifications | Dustproof and waterproof grade         | IP68  |  |
|                              | Wind survivability                     | Up to 165 mph   |  |
|                              | Altitude                               | –60 m to 5,000 m  |  |
|                              | Atmospheric pressure                   | 53 kPa to 106 kPa   |  |
| Radio<br>specifications      | Antenna type                           | Built-in dual-band directional antenna 2.4G: horizontal 40°, vertical 40° 5G-1: horizontal 27°, vertical 27° 5G-2: horizontal 27°, vertical 27° |  |
|                              | Antenna gain                           | 2.4G : 7dBi<br>5G-1: 9dBi<br>5G-2: 9dBi   |  |
|                              | Maximum number of SSIDs for each radio | 16  |  |
|                              | Maximum number of users                | ≤ 768   |  |

| ltem                    |                           | Description   |  |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|---|--|
|                         | Maximum transmit<br>power | 2.4G: 21 dBm (combined power) 5G-1: 20 dBm (combined power) 5G-2: 21 dBm (combined power)  NOTE  The actual transmit power depends on local laws and regulations. |  |
|                         | Power increment           | 1 dBm   |  |
|                         | Receiver sensitivity      | 2.4 GHz 802.11b: -102 dBm @ 1 Mbit/s; -94dBm@ 11 Mbit/s   |  |
|                         |                           | 2.4 GHz 802.11g: -95dBm @ 6 Mbit/s; -75dBm @ 54 Mbit/s  |  |
|                         |                           | 2.4 GHz 802.11n (HT20): -94 dBm @ MCS0; -74dBm @ MCS31  |  |
| Radio<br>specifications |                           | 2.4 GHz 802.11n(HT40): -92 dBm @ MCS0; -72 dBm @ MCS31  |  |
|                         |                           | 5 GHz 802.11a: -97 dBm @ 6 Mbit/s; -77dBm @ 54 Mbit/s   |  |
|                         |                           | 5 GHz 802.11n (HT20): -97 dBm @ MCS0; -75 dBm @ MCS31   |  |
|                         |                           | 5 GHz 802.11n (HT40): -94 dBm @ MCS0; -68dBm @ MCS31  |  |
|                         |                           | 5 GHz 802.11ac (VHT20): -97 dBm @ MCS0NSS1; -72 dBm @ MCS8NSS4  |  |
|                         |                           | 5 GHz 802.11ac (VHT40): -94 dBm @ MCS0NSS1; -68 dBm @ MCS9NSS4  |  |
|                         |                           | 5 GHz 802.11ac (VHT80): -91 dBm @ MCS0NSS1; -65 dBm @ MCS9NSS4  |  |
|                         |                           | 5 GHz 802.11ac (VHT160): -88 dBm @ MCS0NSS1; -64 dBm @ MCS9NSS2   |  |

# **Softwarespecifications**

# Fat/Fit AP mode

| Item          | Description   |  |  |
|---------------|---|--|--|
|               | Compliance with IEEE 802.11a/b/g/n/ac/ac Wave 2   |  |  |
|               | Maximum rate: 2.134 Gbit/s  |  |  |
|               | Maximum ratio combining (MRC)   |  |  |
|               | Space time block code (STBC)  |  |  |
|               | Cyclic Delay Diversity (CDD)/Cyclic Shift Diversity (CSD)   |  |  |
|               | Beamforming   |  |  |
|               | MU-MIMO   |  |  |
|               | Low-density parity-check (LDPC)   |  |  |
|               | Maximum-likelihood detection (MLD)  |  |  |
|               | Frame aggregation, including A-MPDU (Tx/Rx) and A-MSDU (Tx/Rx)  |  |  |
|               | 802.11 dynamic frequency selection (DFS)  |  |  |
|               | Short guard interval (GI) in 20 MHz, 40 MHz ,and 80 MHz modes   |  |  |
|               | Priority mapping and packet scheduling based on a Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMM) profile to implement priority-based data processing and forwarding   |  |  |
|               | Automatic and manual rate adjustment  |  |  |
| WLAN features | WLAN channel management and channel rate adjustment   |  |  |
|               | Automatic channel scanning and interference avoidance   |  |  |
|               | Service set identifier (SSID) hiding  |  |  |
|               | Signal sustain technology (SST)   |  |  |
|               | Unscheduled automatic power save delivery (U-APSD)  |  |  |
|               | Control and Provisioning of Wireless Access Points (CAPWAP) in Fit AP mode  |  |  |
|               | Automatic login in Fit AP mode  |  |  |
|               | Extended Service Set (ESS) in Fit AP mode   |  |  |
|               | Wireless distribution system (WDS) in Fit AP mode   |  |  |
|               | Mesh networking in Fit AP mode  |  |  |
|               | Multi-user CAC  |  |  |
|               | Hotspot2.0  |  |  |
|               | 802.11k and 802.11v smart roaming   |  |  |
|               | 802.11r fast roaming (≤ 50 ms)  |  |  |
|               | WAN authentication escape. In local forwarding mode, this function retains the online state of existing STAs and allows access of new STAs when APs are disconnected from an AC, ensuring service continuity. |  |  |

| Item             | Description   |  |  |
|------------------|---|--|--|
|                  | Compliance with IEEE 802.3ab  |  |  |
|                  | Auto-negotiation of the rate and duplex mode and automatic switchover between the Media Dependent Interface (MDI) and Media Dependent Interface Crossover (MDI-X) |  |  |
|                  | Compliance with IEEE 802.1q   |  |  |
|                  | SSID-based VLAN assignment  |  |  |
|                  | VLAN trunk on uplink Ethernet ports   |  |  |
|                  | Management channel of the AP uplink port in tagged and untagged mode  |  |  |
|                  | DHCP client, obtaining IP addresses through DHCP  |  |  |
|                  | Tunnel data forwarding and direct data forwarding   |  |  |
|                  | STA isolation in the same VLAN  |  |  |
| Network features | Access control lists (ACLs)   |  |  |
|                  | Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)  |  |  |
|                  | Uninterrupted service forwarding upon CAPWAP channel disconnection in Fit AP mode   |  |  |
|                  | Unified authentication on the AC in Fit AP mode   |  |  |
|                  | AC dual-link backup in Fit AP mode  |  |  |
|                  | Network Address Translation (NAT) in Fat AP mode  |  |  |
|                  | IPv6 in Fit AP mode   |  |  |
|                  | Soft Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE)  |  |  |
|                  | IPv6 Source Address Validation Improvements (SAVI)  |  |  |
|                  | Multicast Domain Name Service (mDNS) gateway protocol: supports AirPlay and AirPrint service sharing between users of different VLANs                             |  |  |
|                  | Priority mapping and packet scheduling based on a Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMM) profile to implement priority-based data processing and forwarding                       |  |  |
|                  | WMM parameter management for each radio   |  |  |
|                  | WMM power saving  |  |  |
|                  | Priority mapping for upstream packets and flow-based mapping for downstream packets   |  |  |
| QoS features     | Queue mapping and scheduling  |  |  |
| Q00 reatares     | User-based bandwidth limiting   |  |  |
|                  | Adaptive bandwidth management (automatic bandwidth adjustment based on the user quantity and radio environment) to improve user experience                        |  |  |
|                  | Smart Application Control (SAC) in Fit AP mode  |  |  |
|                  | Airtime scheduling  |  |  |
|                  | Support for Microsoft Lync APIs and high voice call quality through Lync API identification and scheduling  |  |  |

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| ltem              | Description   |  |
|-------------------|---|--|
|                   | Open system authentication  |  |
|                   | WEP authentication/encryption using a 64-bit, 128-bit, or 152-bit encryption key  |  |
|                   | WPA/WPA2-PSK authentication and encryption (WPA/WPA2 personal edition)  |  |
|                   | WPA/WPA2-802.1x authentication and encryption (WPA/WPA2 enterprise edition)   |  |
|                   | WPA-WPA2 hybrid authentication  |  |
|                   | WAPI authentication and encryption  |  |
| Security features | Wireless intrusion detection system (WIDS) and wireless intrusion prevention system (WIPS), including rogue device detection and countermeasure, attack detection and dynamic blacklist, and STA/AP blacklist and whitelist |  |
|                   | 802.1x authentication, MAC address authentication, and Portal authentication  |  |
|                   | DHCP snooping   |  |
|                   | Dynamic ARP Inspection (DAI)  |  |
|                   | IP Source Guard (IPSG)  |  |
|                   | 802.11w Protected Management Frames (PMFs)  |  |
|                   | Application identification  |  |
|                   | Unified management and maintenance on the AC in Fit AP mode   |  |
|                   | Automatic login and configuration loading, and plug-and-play (PnP) in Fit AP mode   |  |
|                   | WDS zero-configuration deployment in Fit AP mode  |  |
|                   | Mesh network zero-configuration deployment in Fit AP mode   |  |
|                   | Batch upgrade in Fit AP mode  |  |
|                   | Telnet  |  |
| Maintenance       | STelnet using SSH v2  |  |
| features          | SFTP using SSH v2   |  |
|                   | Local AP management through the serial interface  |  |
|                   | Web local AP management through HTTP or HTTPS in Fat AP mode  |  |
|                   | Real-time configuration monitoring and fast fault location using the NMS  |  |
|                   | SNMP v1/v2/v3 in Fat AP mode  |  |
|                   | System status alarm   |  |
|                   | Network Time Protocol (NTP) in Fat AP mode  |  |
|                   | NOTE  |  |
|                   | The AP supports bring your own device (BYOD) only in Fit AP mode.   |  |
|                   | Identifies the device type according to the organizationally unique identifier (OUI) in the MAC address.  |  |
| BYOD              | Identifies the device type according to the user agent (UA) information in an HTTP packet.  |  |
|                   | Identifies the device type according to DHCP options.   |  |
|                   | The RADIUS server delivers packet forwarding, security, and QoS policies according to the device type carried in the RADIUS authentication and accounting packets.  |  |

| Item              | Description   |  |  |
|-------------------|---|--|--|
|                   | NOTE  The AP supports the locating service only in Fit AP mode.   |  |  |
| Location service  | Locates tags manufactured by AeroScout or Ekahau.   |  |  |
|                   | Locates Wi-Fi terminals.  |  |  |
|                   | Works with eSight to locate rogue devices.  NOTE  |  |  |
|                   | The AP supports spectrum analysis only in Fit AP mode.  |  |  |
| Spectrum analysis | Identifies interference sources such as baby monitors, Bluetooth devices, digital cordless phones (at 2.4 GHz frequency band only), wireless audio transmitters (at both the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz frequency bands), wireless game controllers, and microwaves. |  |  |
|                   | Works with eSight to perform spectrum analysis on interference sources.   |  |  |

# Cloud-based management mode

| Item              | Description   |  |  |
|-------------------|---|--|--|
|                   | Compliance with IEEE 802.3ab  |  |  |
|                   | Auto-negotiation of the rate and duplex mode and automatic switchover between the Media Dependent Interface (MDI) and Media Dependent Interface Crossover (MDI-X) |  |  |
|                   | Compliance with IEEE 802.1q   |  |  |
|                   | SSID-based VLAN assignment  |  |  |
| Network features  | DHCP client, obtaining IP addresses through DHCP  |  |  |
|                   | STA isolation in the same VLAN  |  |  |
|                   | Access control lists (ACLs)   |  |  |
|                   | Unified authentication on the Agile Controller  |  |  |
|                   | Network Address Translation (NAT)   |  |  |
|                   | Priority mapping and packet scheduling based on a Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMM) profile to implement priority-based data processing and forwarding                       |  |  |
|                   | WMM parameter management for each radio   |  |  |
|                   | WMM power saving  |  |  |
| QoS features      | Priority mapping for upstream packets and flow-based mapping for downstream packets   |  |  |
|                   | Queue mapping and scheduling  |  |  |
|                   | User-based bandwidth limiting   |  |  |
|                   | Airtime scheduling  |  |  |
|                   | Open system authentication  |  |  |
|                   | WEP authentication/encryption using a 64-bit, 128-bit, or 152-bit encryption key  |  |  |
|                   | WPA/WPA2-PSK authentication and encryption (WPA/WPA2 personal edition)  |  |  |
|                   | WPA/WPA2-802.1x authentication and encryption (WPA/WPA2 enterprise edition)   |  |  |
| Security features | WPA-WPA2 hybrid authentication  |  |  |
|                   | 802.1x authentication, MAC address authentication, and Portal authentication  |  |  |
|                   | DHCP snooping   |  |  |
|                   | Dynamic ARP Inspection (DAI)  |  |  |
|                   | IP Source Guard (IPSG)  |  |  |

| Item                 | Description  |
|----------------------|--|
|                      | Unified management and maintenance on the Agile Controller               |
|                      | Automatic login and configuration loading, and plug-and-play (PnP)       |
|                      | Batch upgrade  |
|                      | Telnet   |
|                      | STelnet using SSH v2   |
| Maintenance features | SFTP using SSH v2  |
|                      | Local AP management through the serial interface                         |
|                      | Web local AP management through HTTP or HTTPS                            |
|                      | Real-time configuration monitoring and fast fault location using the NMS |

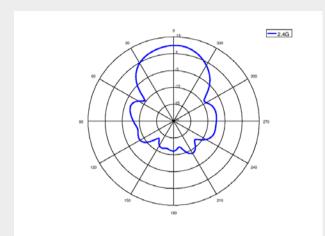
# Standards compliance

System status alarm

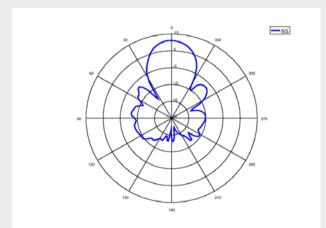
Network Time Protocol (NTP)

| Item               | Description   |                    |                   |                |
|--------------------|---|--------------------|-------------------|----------------|
|                    | UL 60950-1  | UL 60950-22        | CAN/CSA 22.2 N    | lo.60950-1     |
| Safety standards   | CAN/CSA 22.2 No.60950-2   | 2 IEC 60950-1      | IEC 60950-22      |                |
|                    | EN 60950-1  | EN 60950-22        | GB 4943           |                |
| Radio standards    | ETSI EN 300 328   | ETSI EN 301 893    | AS/NZS 4268       |                |
|                    | ETSI EN 301 489-1   | ETSI EN 301 489-17 | ETSI EN 60601-1-2 | ICES-003       |
| EMC standards      | YD/T 1312.2-2004  | ITU k.21           | GB 9254           | GB 17625.1     |
| LIVIC Standards    | AS/NZS CISPR22  | EN 55022           | EN 55024          | CISPR 22       |
|                    | CISPR 24  | IEC61000-4-6       | IEC61000-4-2      |                |
|                    | IEEE 802.11a/b/g  | IEEE 802.11n       | IEEE 802.11a      | aC .           |
| IEEE standards     | IEEE 802.11h  | IEEE 802.11d       | IEEE 802.11e      | 2              |
| TEEE Startaaras    | IEEE 802.11k  | IEEE 802.11u       | IEEE 802.11v      | •              |
|                    | IEEE 802.11w  | IEEE 802.11r       |                   |                |
|                    | 802.11i,Wi-Fi Protected A   | access 2(WPA2),WPA |                   |                |
| Security standards | 802.1X  |                    |                   |                |
| Security standards | Advanced Encryption Standards(AES), Temporal Key Integrity Protocol(TKIP) |                    |                   |                |
|                    | EAP Type(s)   |                    |                   |                |
| Environmental      | ETSI 300 019-2-1  | ETSI 300 019-2-2   | ETSI 300 019-2-4  | IEC 60068-2-52 |
| standards          | ETSI 300 019-1-1  | ETSI 300 019-1-2   | ETSI 300 019-1-4  |                |
| EMF                | CENELEC EN 62311  | CENELEC EN 50385   |                   |                |
| RoHS               | Directive 2002/95/EC & 201  | 1/65/EU            |                   |                |
| REACH              | Regulation 1907/2006/EC   |                    |                   |                |
| WEEE               | Directive 2002/96/EC & 201  | 2/19/EU            |                   |                |

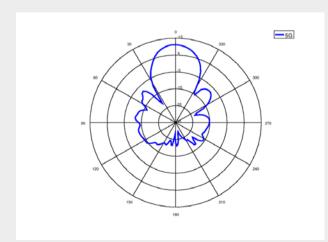
# **AP8050TN-HD Antennas Pattern**



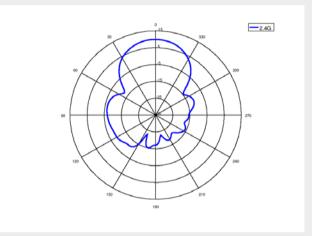




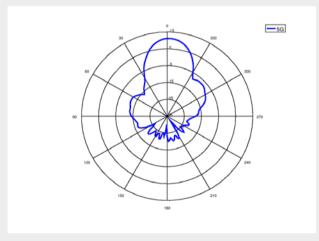
5G-1 (PHI=0)



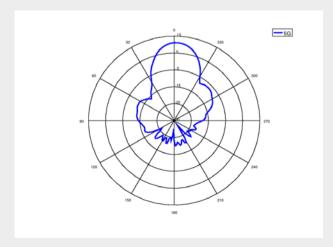
5G-2 (PHI=0)



2.4G (PHI=90)



5G-1 (PHI=90)



5G-2 (PHI=90)

Access Point



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## **Professional Service and Support**

Huawei WLAN planning tools deliver expert network design and optimization services using the most professional simulation platform in the industry. Backed by fifteen years of continuous investment in wireless technologies, extensive network planning and optimization experience, and rich expert resources, Huawei helps customers:

- Design, deploy, and operate a high-performance network that is reliable and secure.
- Maximize return on investment and reduce operating expenses.

### **More Information**

For more information, please visit http://e.huawei.com or contact your local Huawei office.



**Enterprise Services** 



**Product Overview** 



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