



# HPE 5500 EI Switch Series



## Key features

- High expandability for investment protection
- Premium security and integrated management
- Multilayer reliability
- Convergence-ready support
- Outstanding quality of service (QoS)

## Product overview

These Gigabit Ethernet switches deliver outstanding security, reliability, and multiservice support capabilities for robust switching at the edge or aggregation layer of large enterprise and campus networks, or in the core layer of SMB networks. The HPE 5500 EI Switch Series consists of Layer 2 or 3 Gigabit Ethernet switches that can accommodate the most demanding applications and provide resilient and secure connectivity as well as the latest traffic prioritization technologies to enhance applications on convergent networks. With complete IPv4 or IPv6 dual-stack support, the series provides a migration path from IPv4 to IPv6 and has hardware support for IPv6. Designed for increased flexibility, these switches are available with 24 or 48 Gigabit Ethernet ports. Power over Ethernet (PoE) and non-PoE models are available with optional 1GbE and 10GbE expansion capability. The all-fiber model with dual power supplies is ideal for applications that require the highest availability.

## Features and benefits

### Software-defined networking

- OpenFlow

Supports OpenFlow 1.3 specifications to enable SDN by allowing separation of the data (packet forwarding) and control (routing decision) paths

### Quality of service (QoS)

- Storm restraint

Allows limitation of broadcast, multicast, and unknown unicast traffic rate to cut down on unwanted broadcast traffic on the network

- Advanced classifier-based QoS

Classifies traffic using multiple match criteria based on Layer 2, 3, and 4 information; applies QoS policies, such as setting priority level and rate limit, to bi-directional selected traffic on a per-port, per-VLAN, or whole switch basis

- Powerful QoS feature

Creates traffic classes based on ACLs, IEEE 802.1p precedence, IP, DSCP, or ToS precedence; supports filter, redirect, mirror, or remark; supports the following congestion actions: strict priority queuing (SP), weighted round robin (WRR), SP+WRR, weighted fair queuing (WFQ), and weighted random early discard (WRED)

- Traffic policing

Supports Committed Access Rate (CAR) and line rate

### Management

- Friendly port names

Allows assignment of descriptive names to ports

- Remote configuration and management

Enables configuration and management through a secure Web browser or a CLI located on a remote device

- Manager and operator privilege levels

Provide read-only (operator) and read/write (manager) access on CLI and Web browser management interfaces

- Command authorization

Leverages HWTACACS to link a custom list of CLI commands to an individual network administrator's login; also provides an audit trail

- Secure Web GUI

Provides a secure, easy-to-use graphical interface for configuring the module via HTTPS

- Dual flash images

Provide independent primary and secondary operating system files for backup while upgrading

- Multiple configuration files

Store easily to the flash image

- Complete session logging

Provides detailed information for problem identification and resolution

- SNMPv1, v2c, and v3  
Facilitate centralized discovery, monitoring, and secure management of networking devices
- Remote monitoring (RMON)  
Uses standard SNMP to monitor essential network functions; supports events, alarm, history, and statistics group plus a private alarm extension group
- IEEE 802.1AB Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)  
Advertises and receives management information from adjacent devices on a network, facilitating easy mapping by network management applications
- sFlow (RFC 3176)  
Provides scalable ASIC-based wire-speed network monitoring and accounting with no impact on network performance; this allows network operators to gather a variety of sophisticated network statistics and information for capacity planning and real-time network monitoring purposes
- Management VLAN  
Segments traffic to and from management interfaces, including CLI or telnet, a Web browser interface, and SNMP
- Remote Intelligent Mirroring  
Mirrors ingress or egress ACL-selected traffic from a switch port or VLAN to a local or remote switch port anywhere on the network
- Device Link Detection Protocol (DLDP)  
Monitors a cable between two switches and shuts down the ports on both ends if the cable is broken, preventing network problems such as loops
- IPv6 management  
Provides future-proof networking because the switch is capable of being managed whether the attached network is running IPv4 or IPv6; supports pingv6, tracertv6, Telnetv6, TFTPv6, DNSv6, syslogv6, FTPv6, SNMPv6, DHCPv6, and RADIUS for IPv6
- Troubleshooting  
Ingress and egress port monitoring enables network problem-solving; virtual cable tests provide visibility into cable problems
- In-Service Software Upgrade (ISSU)  
Enables operators to perform upgrades in the shortest possible amount of time with reduced risk to network operations or traffic disruptions

### **Connectivity**

- Auto-MDIX  
Automatically adjusts for straight-through or crossover cables on all 10/100/1000 ports
- Flow control  
Provides back pressure using standard IEEE 802.3x, reducing congestion in heavy traffic situations
- Jumbo packet support  
Supports up to 9216-byte frame size to improve the performance of large data transfers
- High-density port connectivity  
Provides up to 48 fixed 10/100/1000BASE-T or 24 SFP 100/1000BASE-X ports in a Layer 2 or Layer 3 stackable switch supporting unique IRF stacking

- IEEE 802.3at Power over Ethernet (PoE+) support  
Simplifies deployment and dramatically reduces installation costs by helping to reduce the time and cost involved in supplying local power at each access point location
- Ethernet operations, administration, and maintenance (OAM)  
Detects data link layer problems that occurred in the last mile using the IEEE 802.3ah OAM standard; monitors the status of the link between two devices
- High-bandwidth CX4 and SFP+ local stacking  
Provides 10 Gbps SFP+ or 12 Gbps CX4 local stacking cables; achieves a resilient stacking configuration
- Optional 10GbE ports  
Deliver, through the use of optional modules, additional 10GbE connections, which are available for uplinks or high-bandwidth server connections; flexibly support copper, XFP, SFP+, or CX4 local connections

### **Performance**

- Nonblocking architecture  
Up to 192 Gbps nonblocking switching fabric provides wire-speed switching with up to 143 million pps throughput
- Hardware-based wirespeed access control lists (ACLs)  
Help provide high levels of security and ease of administration without impacting network performance with a feature-rich TCAM-based ACL implementation

### **Resiliency and high availability**

- Separate data and control paths  
Separates control from services and keeps service processing isolated; increases security and performance
- External redundant power supply  
Provides high reliability
- Smart link  
Allows 50 ms failover between links
- Spanning Tree or MSTP, RSTP  
Provide redundant links while preventing network loops
- Rapid Ring Protection Protocol (RRPP)  
Connects multiple switches in a high-performance ring using standard Ethernet technology; traffic can be rerouted around the ring in less than 50 ms, reducing the impact on traffic and applications
- Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP)  
Allows a group of routers to dynamically back each other up to create highly available routed environments
- Intelligent Resilient Framework (IRF)  
Creates virtual resilient switching fabrics, where two or more switches perform as a single L2 switch and L3 router; switches do not have to be co-located and can be part of a disaster-recovery system; servers or switches can be attached using standard LACP for automatic load balancing and high availability; can remove the need for complex protocols like Spanning Tree Protocol, Equal-Cost Multipath (ECMP), or VRRP, thereby simplifying network operation

- IP Fast Reroute (FRR)  
Forms backup paths and allows 50 ms switchover in case of a main path fault
- IRF capability  
Provides single IP address management for a resilient virtual switching fabric of up to nine switches

### **Layer 2 switching**

- 32K MAC addresses  
Provide access to many Layer 2 devices
- IEEE 802.1ad QinQ and selective QinQ  
Increase the scalability of an Ethernet network by providing a hierarchical structure; connect multiple LANs on a high-speed campus or metro network
- GARP VLAN Registration Protocol  
Allows automatic learning and dynamic assignment of VLANs
- IEEE 802.1ad QinQ  
Increases the scalability of an Ethernet network by providing a hierarchical structure; connects multiple LANs on a high-speed campus or metro network
- 10GbE port aggregation  
Allows grouping of ports to increase overall data throughput to a remote device
- Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) and Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) protocol snooping  
Controls and manages the flooding of multicast packets in a Layer 2 network

### **Layer 3 services**

- Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)  
Determines the MAC address of another IP host in the same subnet
- Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP)  
Simplifies the management of large IP networks and supports client and server; DHCP Relay enables DHCP operation across subnets
- Loopback interface address  
Define an address in Routing Information Protocol (RIP) and Open Standard Path First (OSPF), improving diagnostic capability
- User Datagram Protocol (UDP) helper function  
Allows UDP broadcasts to be directed across router interfaces to specific IP unicast or subnet broadcast addresses and prevents server spoofing for UDP services such as DHCP
- Route maps  
Provide more control during route redistribution; allow filtering and altering of route metrics

### **Layer 3 routing**

- IPv4 routing protocols  
Support static routes, RIP, OSPF, ISIS, and BGP
- IPv6 routing protocols  
Provide routing of IPv6 at wire speed; support static routes, RIPng, OSPFv3, IS-ISv6, and BGP4+ for IPv6

- Equal-Cost Multipath (ECMP)  
Enables multiple equal-cost links in a routing environment to increase link redundancy and scale bandwidth
- Policy-based routing  
Makes routing decisions based on policies set by the network administrator
- IGMPv1, v2, and v3  
Allow individual hosts to be registered on a particular VLAN
- PIM-SSM, PIM-DM, and PIM-SM (for IPv4 and IPv6)  
Support IP Multicast address management and inhibition of DoS attacks
- IPv6 tunneling  
Allows a smooth transition from IPv4 to IPv6 by encapsulating IPv6 traffic over an existing IPv4 infrastructure
- Unicast Reverse Path Forwarding (uRPF)  
Limits erroneous or malicious traffic in accordance with RFC 3074
- Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD)  
Enables link connectivity monitoring and reduces network convergence time for RIP, OSPF, BGP, IS-IS, VRRP, and IRF

### **Security**

- Access control lists (ACLs)  
Provide IP Layer 2 to Layer 4 traffic filtering; support global ACL, VLAN ACL, port ACL, and IPv6 ACL. Up to 3,072 ingress ACLs and 448 egress ACLs are supported
- IEEE 802.1X  
Is an industry-standard method of user authentication that uses an IEEE 802.1X supplicant on the client in conjunction with a RADIUS server
- MAC-based authentication  
Authenticates the client with the RADIUS server based on the client's MAC address
- Identity-driven security and access control
  - Per-user ACLs  
Permit or deny user access to specific network resources based on user identity and time of day, allowing multiple types of users on the same network to access specific network services without risking network security or providing unauthorized access to sensitive data
  - Automatic VLAN assignment  
Automatically assigns users to the appropriate VLAN based on their identities
- Secure management access  
Delivers secure encryption of all access methods (CLI, GUI, or MIB) through SSHv2, SSL, or SNMPv3
- Secure FTP  
Allows secure file transfer to and from the switch; protects against unwanted file downloads or unauthorized copying of a switch configuration file
- Guest VLAN  
Provides a browser-based environment to authenticated clients that is similar to IEEE 802.1X

- Endpoint Admission Defense (EAD)  
Provides security policies to users accessing a network
- Port security  
Allows access only to specified MAC addresses, which can be learned or specified by the administrator
- Port isolation  
Secures and adds privacy, and prevents malicious attackers from obtaining user information
- STP BPDU port protection  
Blocks Bridge Protocol Data Units (BPDUs) on ports that do not require BPDUs, preventing forged BPDU attacks
- STP root guard  
Protects the root bridge from malicious attacks or configuration mistakes
- DHCP protection  
Blocks DHCP packets from unauthorized DHCP servers, preventing denial-of-service attacks
- Dynamic ARP protection  
Blocks ARP broadcasts from unauthorized hosts, preventing eavesdropping or theft of network data
- IP source guard  
Helps prevent IP spoofing attacks
- RADIUS or HWTACACS  
Eases switch management security administration by using a password authentication server
- Multiple Customer Edge (MCE)  
Facilitates MPLS VPN network integration with up to 64 VPNs support
- Unicast Reverse Path Forwarding (URPF)  
Allows normal packets to be forwarded correctly, whereas the attaching packet will be discarded due to lack of reverse path route or incorrect inbound interface; prevents source spoofing and distributed attacks; supports distributed URPF

**Convergence**

- IEEE 802.1AB Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)  
Facilitates easy mapping using network management applications with LLDP automated device discovery protocol
- LLDP-MED  
Is a standard extension that automatically configures network devices, including LLDP-capable IP phones
- LLDP-CDP compatibility  
Receives and recognizes CDP packets from Cisco's IP phones for seamless interoperation
- IEEE 802.3af Power over Ethernet  
Provides up to 15.4 W per port to PoE-powered devices such as IP phones, wireless access points, and video cameras
- PoE allocations  
Support multiple methods (automatic, IEEE 802.3af class, LLDP-MED, or user-specified) to allocate PoE power for more efficient energy savings

- Voice VLAN  
Automatically assigns VLAN and priority for IP phones, simplifying network configuration and maintenance
- IP multicast snooping (data-driven IGMP)  
Prevents flooding of IP multicast traffic
- Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP)  
Utilizes Any-Source Multicast (ASM) or Source-Specific Multicast (SSM) to manage IPv4 multicast networks; supports IGMPv1, v2, and v3
- Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM)  
Defines modes of Internet multicasting to allow one-to-many and many-to-many transmission of information; supports PIM Dense Mode (DM), Sparse Mode (SM), and Source-Specific Mode (SSM)
- Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP)  
Allows multiple PIM-SM domains to interoperate; is used for inter-domain multicast applications
- Multicast Border Gateway Protocol (MBGP)  
Allows multicast traffic to be forwarded across BGP networks and kept separate from unicast traffic
- Multicast VLAN  
Allows multiple VLANs to receive the same IPv4 or IPv6 multicast traffic, lessening network bandwidth demand by reducing or removing multiple streams to each VLAN

**Device support**

- Cisco prestandard PoE support  
Detects and provides power to Cisco's prestandard PoE devices such as wireless LAN access points and IP phones

**Additional information**

- Green IT and power  
Improves energy efficiency through the use of the latest advances in silicon development; shuts off unused ports and utilizes variable-speed fans, reducing energy costs
- Green initiative support  
Provides support for RoHS and WEEE regulations

**Warranty and support**

- Limited Lifetime Warranty  
See [hpe.com/networking/warrantysummary](http://hpe.com/networking/warrantysummary) for warranty and support information included with your product purchase
- Software releases  
To find software for your product, refer to [hpe.com/networking/support](http://hpe.com/networking/support); for details on the software releases available with your product purchase, refer to [hpe.com/networking/warrantysummary](http://hpe.com/networking/warrantysummary)



## HPE 5500 EI Switch Series



Specifications	HPE 5500-24G EI Switch with 2 Interface Slots (JD377A)	HPE 5500-48G EI Switch with 2 Interface Slots (JD375A)	HPE 5500-24G-SFP EI Switch with 2 Interface Slots (JD374A)
<b>I/O ports and slots</b>	24 RJ-45 autosensing 10/100/1000 ports (IEEE 802.3 Type 10BASE-T, IEEE 802.3u Type 100BASE-TX, IEEE 802.3ab Type 1000BASE-T); Media Type: Auto-MDIX; Duplex: 10BASE-T/100BASE-TX: half or full; 1000BASE-T: full only  4 dual-personality ports; autosensing 10/100/1000BASE-T or SFP  2 port expansion module slots  Supports a maximum of 24 autosensing 10/100/1000 ports	48 RJ-45 autosensing 10/100/1000 ports (IEEE 802.3 Type 10BASE-T, IEEE 802.3u Type 100BASE-TX, IEEE 802.3ab Type 1000BASE-T); Media Type: Auto-MDIX; Duplex: 10BASE-T/100BASE-TX: half or full; 1000BASE-T: full only  4 dual-personality ports; autosensing 10/100/1000BASE-T or SFP  2 port expansion module slots  Supports a maximum of 48 autosensing 10/100/1000 ports	24 fixed Gigabit Ethernet SFP ports 8 dual-personality ports; autosensing 10/100/1000BASE-T or SFP 2 port expansion module slots
<b>Additional ports and slots</b>	1 RJ-45 serial console port	1 RJ-45 serial console port	1 RJ-45 serial console port
<b>Power supplies</b>			2 power supply slots 1 minimum power supply required includes: 1 x JD362A (HPE 5800/5500 150W AC Power Supply)
<b>Physical characteristics</b>			
Dimensions	17.32(w) x 11.81(d) x 1.72(h) in (44 x 30 x 4.36 cm) (1U height)	17.32(w) x 11.81(d) x 1.72(h) in (44 x 30 x 4.36 cm) (1U height)	17.32(w) x 14.17(d) x 1.72(h) in (44 x 36 x 4.36 cm) (1U height)
Weight	8.82 lb (4 kg)	9.92 lb (4.5 kg)	13.89 lb (6.3 kg)
<b>Memory and processor</b>	256 MB SDRAM, 32 MB flash; packet buffer size: 2 MB	256 MB SDRAM, 32 MB flash; packet buffer size: 4 MB	256 MB SDRAM, 32 MB flash; packet buffer size: 2 MB
<b>Mounting and enclosure</b>	Mounts in an EIA-standard 19 in. telco rack or equipment cabinet (hardware included)	Mounts in an EIA-standard 19 in. telco rack or equipment cabinet (hardware included)	Mounts in an EIA-standard 19 in. telco rack or equipment cabinet (hardware included)
<b>Performance</b>			
1000 Mb Latency	< 3.2 μs	< 3.2 μs	< 3.2 μs
10 Gbps Latency	< 2.6 μs	< 2.6 μs	< 2.6 μs
Throughput	107.2 million pps	142.9 million pps	107.2 million pps
Routing/Switching capacity	144 Gbps	192 Gbps	144 Gbps
Routing table size	12000 entries (IPv4)	12000 entries (IPv4)	12000 entries (IPv4)
<b>Environment</b>			
Operating temperature	32°F to 113°F (0°C to 45°C)	32°F to 113°F (0°C to 45°C)	32°F to 113°F (0°C to 45°C)
Operating relative humidity	10% to 90%, noncondensing	10% to 90%, noncondensing	10% to 90%, noncondensing
Nonoperating/Storage temperature	-40°F to 158°F (-40°C to 70°C)	-40°F to 158°F (-40°C to 70°C)	-40°F to 158°F (-40°C to 70°C)
Nonoperating/Storage relative humidity	5% to 95%, noncondensing	5% to 95%, noncondensing	5% to 95%, noncondensing
Acoustic	Low-speed fan: 42.6 dB, High-speed fan: 49.7 dB; ISO 7779	Low-speed fan: 41.3 dB, High-speed fan: 50.1 dB; ISO 7779	Low-speed fan: 45.3 dB, High-speed fan: 50.4 dB; ISO 7779

Specifications (continued)	HPE 5500-24G EI Switch with 2 Interface Slots (JD377A)	HPE 5500-48G EI Switch with 2 Interface Slots (JD375A)	HPE 5500-24G-SFP EI Switch with 2 Interface Slots (JD374A)
<b>Electrical characteristics</b>			
Frequency	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz
Maximum heat dissipation	375 BTU/hr (395.63 kJ/hr)	528 BTU/hr (557.04 kJ/hr)	392 BTU/hr (413.56 kJ/hr)
AC voltage	100 to 240 VAC	100 to 240 VAC	100 to 240 VAC
DC voltage			-48 to -60 VDC
Maximum power rating	110 W	155 W	115 W
	<b>Notes:</b> Maximum power rating and maximum heat dissipation are the worst-case theoretical maximum numbers provided for planning the infrastructure with fully loaded PoE (if equipped), 100% traffic, all ports plugged in, and all modules populated.	<b>Notes:</b> Maximum power rating and maximum heat dissipation are the worst-case theoretical maximum numbers provided for planning the infrastructure with fully loaded PoE (if equipped), 100% traffic, all ports plugged in, and all modules populated.	<b>Notes:</b> Maximum power rating and maximum heat dissipation are the worst-case theoretical maximum numbers provided for planning the infrastructure with fully loaded PoE (if equipped), 100% traffic, all ports plugged in, and all modules populated.
<b>Safety</b>	UL 60950-1; EN 60825-1 Safety of Laser Products-Part 1; EN 60825-2 Safety of Laser Products-Part 2; IEC 60950-1; CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1; EN 60950-1/A11; FDA 21 CFR Subchapter J; ROHS Compliance	UL 60950-1; EN 60825-1 Safety of Laser Products-Part 1; EN 60825-2 Safety of Laser Products-Part 2; IEC 60950-1; CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1; EN 60950-1/A11; FDA 21 CFR Subchapter J; ROHS Compliance	UL 60950-1; EN 60825-1 Safety of Laser Products-Part 1; EN 60825-2 Safety of Laser Products-Part 2; IEC 60950-1; CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1; EN 60950-1/A11; FDA 21 CFR Subchapter J; ROHS Compliance
<b>Emissions</b>	FCC part 15 Class A; VCCI Class A; EN 55022 Class A; CISPR 22 Class A; ICES-003 Class A; ANSI C63.4 2003; ETSI EN 300 386 V1.3.3; AS/NZS CISPR 22 Class A; EN 61000-3-2; EN 61000-3-3; EN 61000-4-2; EN 61000-4-3; EN 61000-4-4; EN 61000-4-5; EN 61000-4-6; EN 61000-4-11; EN 61000-3-2:2006; EN 61000-3-3:1995 +A1:2001+A2:2005; EMC Directive 2004/108/EC; FCC (CFR 47, Part 15) Class A	FCC part 15 Class A; VCCI Class A; EN 55022 Class A; CISPR 22 Class A; ICES-003 Class A; ANSI C63.4 2003; ETSI EN 300 386 V1.3.3; AS/NZS CISPR 22 Class A; EN 61000-3-2; EN 61000-3-3; EN 61000-4-2; EN 61000-4-3; EN 61000-4-4; EN 61000-4-5; EN 61000-4-6; EN 61000-4-11; EN 61000-3-2:2006; EN 61000-3-3:1995 +A1:2001+A2:2005; EMC Directive 2004/108/EC; FCC (CFR 47, Part 15) Class A	FCC part 15 Class A; VCCI Class A; EN 55022 Class A; CISPR 22 Class A; ICES-003 Class A; ANSI C63.4 2003; ETSI EN 300 386 V1.3.3; AS/NZS CISPR 22 Class A; EN 61000-3-2; EN 61000-3-3; EN 61000-4-2; EN 61000-4-3; EN 61000-4-4; EN 61000-4-5; EN 61000-4-6; EN 61000-4-11; EN 61000-3-2:2006; EN 61000-3-3:1995 +A1:2001+A2:2005; EMC Directive 2004/108/EC; FCC (CFR 47, Part 15) Class A
<b>Management</b>	IMC—Intelligent Management Center; command-line interface; Web browser; SNMP Manager; IEEE 802.3 Ethernet MIB	IMC—Intelligent Management Center; command-line interface; Web browser; SNMP Manager; IEEE 802.3 Ethernet MIB	IMC—Intelligent Management Center; command-line interface; Web browser; SNMP Manager; IEEE 802.3 Ethernet MIB
<b>Notes</b>			1 power supply included
<b>Services</b>	Refer to the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website at <a href="http://hpe.com/networking/services">hpe.com/networking/services</a> for details on the service-level descriptions and product numbers. For details about services, and response times in your area, please contact your local Hewlett Packard Enterprise sales office.	Refer to the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website at <a href="http://hpe.com/networking/services">hpe.com/networking/services</a> for details on the service-level descriptions and product numbers. For details about services, and response times in your area, please contact your local Hewlett Packard Enterprise sales office.	Refer to the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website at <a href="http://hpe.com/networking/services">hpe.com/networking/services</a> for details on the service-level descriptions and product numbers. For details about services, and response times in your area, please contact your local Hewlett Packard Enterprise sales office.

## HPE 5500 EI Switch Series



### Specifications

	<b>HPE 5500-48G-PoE+ EI Switch with 2 Interface Slots (JG240A)</b>	<b>HPE 5500-24G-PoE+ EI Switch with 2 Interface Slots (JG241A)</b>
<b>I/O ports and slots</b>	48 RJ-45 autosensing 10/100/1000 PoE+ ports (IEEE 802.3 Type 10BASE-T, IEEE 802.3u Type 100BASE-TX, IEEE 802.3ab Type 1000BASE-T, IEEE 802.3at PoE+); Media Type: Auto-MDIX; Duplex: 10BASE-T/100BASE-TX: half or full; 1000BASE-T: full only  4 dual-personality ports; autosensing 10/100/1000BASE-T or SFP  2 port expansion module slots  Supports a maximum of 48 autosensing 10/100/1000 ports	24 RJ-45 autosensing 10/100/1000 PoE+ ports (IEEE 802.3 Type 10BASE-T, IEEE 802.3u Type 100BASE-TX, IEEE 802.3ab Type 1000BASE-T, IEEE 802.3at PoE+); Media Type: Auto-MDIX; Duplex: 10BASE-T/100BASE-TX: half or full; 1000BASE-T: full only  4 dual-personality ports; autosensing 10/100/1000BASE-T or SFP  2 port expansion module slots  Supports a maximum of 24 autosensing 10/100/1000 ports
<b>Additional ports and slots</b>	1 RJ-45 serial console port	1 RJ-45 serial console port
<b>Physical characteristics</b>		
Dimensions	17.32(w) x 16.54(d) x 1.72(h) in (43.99 x 42.01 x 4.37 cm) (1U height)	17.32(w) x 16.54(d) x 1.69(h) in (43.99 x 42.01 x 4.29 cm) (1U height)
Weight	14.33 lb (6.5 kg)	13.23 lb (6 kg)
<b>Memory and processor</b>	256 MB SDRAM, 32 MB flash; packet buffer size: 4 MB	256 MB SDRAM, 32 MB flash; packet buffer size: 2 MB
<b>Mounting and enclosure</b>	Mounts in an EIA-standard 19 in. telco rack or equipment cabinet (hardware included)	Mounts in an EIA-standard 19 in. telco rack or equipment cabinet (hardware included)
<b>Performance</b>		
1000 Mb Latency	< 3.2 $\mu$ s	< 3.2 $\mu$ s
10 Gbps Latency	< 2.6 $\mu$ s	< 2.6 $\mu$ s
Throughput	142.9 million pps	107.2 million pps
Routing/Switching capacity	192 Gbps	144 Gbps
Routing table size	12000 entries (IPv4)	12000 entries (IPv4)
<b>Environment</b>		
Operating temperature	32°F to 113°F (0°C to 45°C)	32°F to 113°F (0°C to 45°C)
Operating relative humidity	10% to 90%, noncondensing	10% to 90%, noncondensing
Nonoperating/Storage temperature	-40°F to 158°F (-40°C to 70°C)	-40°F to 158°F (-40°C to 70°C)
Nonoperating/Storage relative humidity	5% to 95%, noncondensing	5% to 95%, noncondensing
Acoustic	Low-speed fan: 49.5 dB, High-speed fan: 54.1 dB; ISO 7779	Low-speed fan: 48.1 dB, High-speed fan: 51.1 dB; ISO 7779

Specifications (continued)	HPE 5500-48G-PoE+ EI Switch with 2 Interface Slots (JG240A)	HPE 5500-24G-PoE+ EI Switch with 2 Interface Slots (JG241A)
<b>Electrical characteristics</b>		
Frequency	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz
Maximum heat dissipation	2255 BTU/hr (2379.02 kJ/hr). Max heat dissipation for AC is 2255 BTU/hr and 3173 BTU/hr for DC.	2016 BTU/hr (2126.88 kJ/hr). Max heat dissipation for AC is 2016 BTU/hr and 1678 BTU/hr for DC.
AC voltage	100 to 240 VAC	100 to 240 VAC
Maximum power rating	661 W	591 W
PoE power	740 W	370 W
	<p><b>Notes:</b> Maximum power rating and maximum heat dissipation are the worst-case theoretical maximum numbers provided for planning the infrastructure with fully loaded PoE (if equipped), 100% traffic, all ports plugged in, and all modules populated. PoE power is the power supplied by the internal power supply. It is dependent on the type and quantity of power supplies and may be supplemented with the use of an external power supply (EPS). With AC input, the maximum power consumption is 661 W; PoE is 370 W. With DC input, the maximum power consumption is 930 W; PoE is 740 W.</p>	<p><b>Notes:</b> Maximum power rating and maximum heat dissipation are the worst-case theoretical maximum numbers provided for planning the infrastructure with fully loaded PoE (if equipped), 100% traffic, all ports plugged in, and all modules populated. PoE power is the power supplied by the internal power supply. It is dependent on the type and quantity of power supplies and may be supplemented with the use of an external power supply (EPS). With AC input, the maximum power consumption is 591 W; PoE is 370 W. With DC input, the maximum power consumption is 492 W; PoE is 370 W.</p>
<b>Safety</b>	UL 60950-1; EN 60825-1 Safety of Laser Products-Part 1; EN 60825-2 Safety of Laser Products-Part 2; IEC 60950-1; CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1; EN 60950-1/A11; FDA 21 CFR Subchapter J; ROHS Compliance	UL 60950-1; EN 60825-1 Safety of Laser Products-Part 1; EN 60825-2 Safety of Laser Products-Part 2; IEC 60950-1; CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1; EN 60950-1/A11; FDA 21 CFR Subchapter J; ROHS Compliance
<b>Emissions</b>	FCC part 15 Class A; VCCI Class A; EN 55022 Class A; CISPR 22 Class A; ICES-003 Class A; ANSI C63.4 2003; ETSI EN 300 386 V1.3.3; AS/NZS CISPR 22 Class A; EN 61000-3-2; EN 61000-3-3; EN 61000-4-2; EN 61000-4-3; EN 61000-4-4; EN 61000-4-5; EN 61000-4-6; EN 61000-4-11; EN 61000-3-2:2006; EN 61000-3-3:1995+A1:2001+A2:2005; EMC Directive 2004/108/EC; FCC (CFR 47, Part 15) Class A	FCC part 15 Class A; VCCI Class A; EN 55022 Class A; CISPR 22 Class A; ICES-003 Class A; ANSI C63.4 2003; ETSI EN 300 386 V1.3.3; AS/NZS CISPR 22 Class A; EN 61000-3-2; EN 61000-3-3; EN 61000-4-2; EN 61000-4-3; EN 61000-4-4; EN 61000-4-5; EN 61000-4-6; EN 61000-4-11; EN 61000-3-2:2006; EN 61000-3-3:1995+A1:2001+A2:2005; EMC Directive 2004/108/EC; FCC (CFR 47, Part 15) Class A
<b>Management</b>	IMC—Intelligent Management Center; command-line interface; Web browser; SNMP Manager; IEEE 802.3 Ethernet MIB	IMC—Intelligent Management Center; command-line interface; Web browser; SNMP Manager; IEEE 802.3 Ethernet MIB
<b>Services</b>	Refer to the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website at <a href="http://hpe.com/networking/services">hpe.com/networking/services</a> for details on the service-level descriptions and product numbers. For details about services, and response times in your area, please contact your local Hewlett Packard Enterprise sales office.	Refer to the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website at <a href="http://hpe.com/networking/services">hpe.com/networking/services</a> for details on the service-level descriptions and product numbers. For details about services, and response times in your area, please contact your local Hewlett Packard Enterprise sales office.

**Standards and Protocols**

(applies to all products in series)

<b>BGP</b>	RFC 1657 Definitions of Managed Objects for BGPv4	RFC 1771 BGPv4	RFC 2858 BGP-4 Multi-Protocol Extensions
<b>Device management</b>	RFC 1157 SNMPv1/v2c RFC 1305 NTPv3 RFC 1901 (Community based SNMPv2) RFC 2452 MIB for TCP6 RFC 2454 MIB for UDP6	RFC 2573 (SNMPv3 Applications) RFC 2576 (Coexistence between SNMP V1, V2, V3) RFC 2819 RMON RFC 3410 (Management Framework) RFC 3416 (SNMP Protocol Operations v2)	RFC 3417 (SNMP Transport Mappings) HTML and telnet management Multiple Configuration Files SNMP v3 and RMON RFC support SSHv1/SSHv2 Secure Shell
<b>General protocols</b>	IEEE 802.1ad Q-in-Q IEEE 802.1ak Multiple Registration Protocol (MRP) and Multiple VLAN Registration Protocol (MVRP) IEEE 802.1D MAC Bridges IEEE 802.1p Priority IEEE 802.1Q (GVRP) IEEE 802.1v VLAN classification by Protocol and Port IEEE 802.1w Rapid Reconfiguration of Spanning Tree IEEE 802.3ab 1000BASE-T IEEE 802.3ac (VLAN Tagging Extension) IEEE 802.3ad Link Aggregation (LAG) IEEE 802.3ae 10-Gigabit Ethernet IEEE 802.3af Power over Ethernet IEEE 802.3at PoE+ IEEE 802.3i 10BASE-T IEEE 802.3u 100BASE-X IEEE 802.3x Flow Control IEEE 802.3z 1000BASE-X RFC 768 UDP RFC 791 IP RFC 792 ICMP RFC 793 TCP RFC 854 TELNET RFC 925 Multi-LAN Address Resolution RFC 950 Internet Standard Subnetting Procedure RFC 951 BOOTP RFC 1027 Proxy ARP RFC 1058 RIPv1	RFC 1122 Host Requirements RFC 1141 Incremental updating of the Internet checksum RFC 1213 Management Information Base for Network Management of TCP/IP-based internets RFC 1256 ICMP Router Discovery Protocol (IRDP) RFC 1305 NTPv3 RFC 1350 TFTP Protocol (revision 2) RFC 1519 CIDR RFC 1542 BOOTP Extensions RFC 1723 RIP v2 RFC 1812 IPv4 Routing RFC 1887 An Architecture for IPv6 Unicast Address Allocation RFC 2131 DHCP RFC 2236 IGMP Snooping RFC 2338 VRRP RFC 2375 IPv6 Multicast Address Assignments RFC 2616 HTTP Compatibility v1.1 RFC 2644 Directed Broadcast Control RFC 2711 IPv6 Router Alert Option RFC 2865 Remote Authentication Dial In User Service (RADIUS) RFC 2866 RADIUS Accounting RFC 3246 Expedited Forwarding PHB RFC 3410 Applicability Statements for SNMP RFC 3414 User-based Security Model (USM) for version 3 of the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMPv3)	RFC 3415 View-based Access Control Model (VACM) for the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) RFC 3417 Transport Mappings for the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) RFC 3484 Default Address Selection for Internet Protocol version 6 (IPv6) RFC 3493 Basic Socket Interface Extensions for IPv6 RFC 3542 Advanced Sockets Application Program Interface (API) for IPv6 RFC 3587 IPv6 Global Unicast Address Format RFC 3596 DNS Extensions to Support IP Version 6 RFC 3623 Graceful OSPF Restart RFC 3704 Unicast Reverse Path Forwarding (URPF) RFC 3768 VRRP RFC 3810 Multicast Listener Discovery Version 2 (MLDv2) for IPv6 RFC 4113 Management Information Base for the User Datagram Protocol (UDP) RFC 4213 Basic IPv6 Transition Mechanisms RFC 4443 Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMPv6) for the Internet Protocol Version 6 (IPv6) Specification RFC 4594 Configuration Guidelines for DiffServ Service Classes 802.1r—GARP Proprietary Attribute Registration Protocol (GPRP)
<b>IP multicast</b>	RFC 2236 IGMPv2 RFC 2710 Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) for IPv6 RFC 2858 Multiprotocol Extensions for BGP-4	RFC 3376 IGMPv3 RFC 3569 An Overview of Source-Specific Multicast (SSM)	RFC 3618 Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP) RFC 3973 PIM Dense Mode RFC 4601 PIM Sparse Mode

**Standards and Protocols (continued)**

(applies to all products in series)

<b>IPv6</b>	RFC 1881 IPv6 Address Allocation Management RFC 1887 IPv6 Unicast Address Allocation Architecture RFC 1981 IPv6 Path MTU Discovery RFC 2080 RIPng for IPv6 RFC 2373 IPv6 Addressing Architecture RFC 2375 IPv6 Multicast Address Assignments RFC 2460 IPv6 Specification RFC 2461 IPv6 Neighbor Discovery RFC 2462 IPv6 Stateless Address Auto-configuration RFC 2463 ICMPv6 RFC 2464 Transmission of IPv6 over Ethernet Networks RFC 2475 IPv6 DiffServ Architecture	RFC 2710 Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) for IPv6 RFC 2711 IPv6 Router Alert Option RFC 2740 OSPFv3 for IPv6 RFC 2893 Transition Mechanisms for IPv6 Hosts and Routers RFC 2925 Definitions of Managed Objects for Remote Ping, Traceroute, and Lookup Operations (Ping only) RFC 2925 Remote Operations MIB (Ping only) RFC 3056 Connection of IPv6 Domains via IPv4 Clouds RFC 3162 RADIUS and IPv6 RFC 3306 Unicast-Prefix-based IPv6 Multicast Addresses RFC 3307 IPv6 Multicast Address Allocation	RFC 3315 DHCPv6 (client and relay) RFC 3484 Default Address Selection for IPv6 RFC 3493 Basic Socket Interface Extensions for IPv6 RFC 3513 IPv6 Addressing Architecture RFC 3542 Advanced Sockets API for IPv6 RFC 3587 IPv6 Global Unicast Address Format RFC 3596 DNS Extension for IPv6 RFC 3810 MLDv2 for IPv6 RFC 4113 MIB for UDP RFC 4443 ICMPv6 RFC 5340 OSPFv3 for IPv6
<b>MIBs</b>	RFC 1212 Concise MIB Definitions RFC 1213 MIB II RFC 1493 Bridge MIB RFC 1657 BGP-4 MIB RFC 1724 RIPv2 MIB RFC 1757 Remote Network Monitoring MIB RFC 1850 OSPFv2 MIB RFC 2012 SNMPv2 MIB for TCP RFC 2013 SNMPv2 MIB for UDP RFC 2233 Interface MIB	RFC 2452 IPV6-TCP-MIB RFC 2454 IPV6-UDP-MIB RFC 2465 IPV6 MIB RFC 2466 ICMPv6 MIB RFC 2571 SNMP Framework MIB RFC 2572 SNMP-MPD MIB RFC 2573 SNMP-Target MIB RFC 2574 SNMP USM MIB RFC 2618 RADIUS Authentication Client MIB RFC 2620 RADIUS Accounting Client MIB	RFC 2665 Ethernet-Like-MIB RFC 2674 Definitions of Managed Objects for Bridges with Traffic Classes, Multicast Filtering, and Virtual Extensions RFC 2737 Entity MIB (Version 2) RFC 2787 VRRP MIB RFC 2819 RMON MIB RFC 2925 Ping MIB RFC 3414 SNMP-User based-SM MIB RFC 3415 SNMP-View based-ACM MIB RFC 4113 UDP MIB
<b>Network management</b>	IEEE 802.1AB Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP) IEEE 802.1D (STP) RFC 1157 SNMPv1 RFC 1212 Concise MIB definitions RFC 1215 SNMP Generic traps RFC 1757 RMON 4 groups: Stats, History, Alarms and Events RFC 1901 SNMPv2 Introduction RFC 1918 Private Internet Address Allocation RFC 2373 Remote Network Monitoring Management Information Base for High Capacity Networks	RFC 2571 An Architecture for Describing SNMP Management Frameworks RFC 2572 Message Processing and Dispatching for the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) RFC 2573 SNMP Applications RFC 2574 SNMPv3 User-based Security Model (USM) RFC 2575 SNMPv3 View-based Access Control Model (VACM) RFC 2576 Coexistence between SNMP versions RFC 2578 SMIv2 RFC 2581 TCP6	RFC 2819 Four groups of RMON: 1 (statistics), 2 (history), 3 (alarm) and 9 (events) RFC 2925 Definitions of Managed Objects for Remote Ping, Traceroute, and Lookup Operations RFC 3176 sFlow RFC 3410 Introduction to Version 3 of the Internet-standard Network Management Framework RFC 3414 SNMPv3 User-based Security Model (USM) RFC 3415 SNMPv3 View-based Access Control Model (VACM) ANSI/TIA-1057 LLDP Media Endpoint Discovery (LLDP-MED) SNMPv1/v2c/v3
<b>OSPF</b>	RFC 1587 OSPF NSSA	RFC 1850 OSPFv2 Management Information Base (MIB), traps	RFC 2328 OSPFv2 RFC 2370 OSPF Opaque LSA Option RFC 3623 Graceful OSPF Restart
<b>QoS/CoS</b>	IEEE 802.1P (CoS) RFC 2474 DSCP DiffServ	RFC 2475 DiffServ Architecture RFC 2597 DiffServ Assured Forwarding (AF)	RFC 2598 DiffServ Expedited Forwarding (EF) RFC 4594 Configuration Guidelines for DiffServ Service Classes
<b>Security</b>	IEEE 802.1X Port Based Network Access Control RFC 1492 TACACS+ RFC 1918 Address Allocation for Private Internets	RFC 2865 RADIUS Authentication RFC 2866 RADIUS Accounting Access Control Lists (ACLs)	MAC Authentication Port Security SSHv2 Secure Shell

## HPE 5500 EI Switch Series accessories

### Modules

HPE 5500 2-port 10GbE XFP Module (JD359B)  
 HPE 5500 2-port 10GbE Local Connect Module (JD360B)  
 HPE 5500 1-port 10GbE XFP Module (JD361B)  
 HPE 5500/4800 2-port GbE SFP Module (JD367A)  
 HPE 5500/5120 2-port 10GbE SFP+ Module (JD368B)  
 HPE 5500/5120 2-port 10GBASE-T Module (JG535A)

### Transceivers

HPE X110 100M SFP LC FX Transceiver (JD102B)  
 HPE X110 100M SFP LC LH40 Transceiver (JD090A)  
 HPE X110 100M SFP LC LH80 Transceiver (JD091A)  
 HPE X110 100M SFP LC LX Transceiver (JD120B)  
 HPE X120 1G SFP LC BX 10-D Transceiver (JD099B)  
 HPE X120 1G SFP LC BX 10-U Transceiver (JD098B)  
 HPE X120 1G SFP LC LH40 1550nm Transceiver (JD062A)  
 HPE X120 1G SFP LC LX Transceiver (JD119B)  
 HPE X120 1G SFP LC SX Transceiver (JD118B)  
 HPE X120 1G SFP RJ45 T Transceiver (JD089B)  
 HPE X125 1G SFP LC LH40 1310nm Transceiver (JD061A)  
 HPE X125 1G SFP LC LH70 Transceiver (JD063B)  
 HPE X130 10G SFP+ LC ER 40km Transceiver (JG234A)  
 HPE X130 10G SFP+ LC LR Transceiver (JD094B)  
 HPE X130 10G SFP+ LC LRM Transceiver (JD093B)  
 HPE X130 10G SFP+ LC SR Transceiver (JD092B)  
 HPE X130 10G XFP LC LR Transceiver (JD108B)  
 HPE X130 10G XFP LC SR Transceiver (JD117B)  
 HPE X135 10G XFP LC ER Transceiver (JD121A)  
 HPE X240 10G SFP+ SFP+ 7m Direct Attach Copper Cable (JC784C)  
 HPE X240 10G SFP+ to SFP+ 0.65m Direct Attach Copper Cable (JD095C)  
 HPE X240 10G SFP+ to SFP+ 1.2m Direct Attach Copper Cable (JD096C)  
 HPE X240 10G SFP+ to SFP+ 3m Direct Attach Copper Cable (JD097C)  
 HPE X240 10G SFP+ to SFP+ 5m Direct Attach Copper Cable (JG081C)

### Cables

HPE X230 Local Connect 100cm CX4 Cable (JD364B)  
 HPE X230 CX4 to CX4 3m Cable (JD365A)  
 HPE 0.5 m Multimode OM3 LC/LC Optical Cable (AJ833A)  
 HPE 1 m Multimode OM3 LC/LC Optical Cable (AJ834A)  
 HPE 2 m Multimode OM3 LC/LC Optical Cable (AJ835A)  
 HPE 5 m Multimode OM3 LC/LC Optical Cable (AJ836A)  
 HPE 15 m Multimode OM3 LC/LC Optical Cable (AJ837A)  
 HPE 30 m Multimode OM3 LC/LC Optical Cable (AJ838A)  
 HPE 50 m Multimode OM3 LC/LC Optical Cable (AJ839A)  
 HPE Premier Flex LC/LC Multi-mode OM4 2 fiber 1m Cable (QK732A)  
 HPE Premier Flex LC/LC Multi-mode OM4 2 fiber 2m Cable (QK733A)  
 HPE Premier Flex LC/LC Multi-mode OM4 2 fiber 5m Cable (QK734A)  
 HPE Premier Flex LC/LC Multi-mode OM4 2 fiber 15m Cable (QK735A)  
 HPE Premier Flex LC/LC Multi-mode OM4 2 fiber 30m Cable (QK736A)  
 HPE Premier Flex LC/LC Multi-mode OM4 2 fiber 50m Cable (QK737A)  
 HPE X230 Local Connect 50cm CX4 Cable (JD363B)

## HPE 5500 EI Switch Series accessories (continued)

<b>Power Supply</b>	HPE RPS 800 Redundant Power Supply (JD183A) <sup>1</sup> HPE RPS1600 Redundant Power System (JG136A) <sup>1</sup> HPE RPS1600 1600W AC Power Supply (JG137A) <sup>1</sup>
<b>Power cords</b>	HPE X290 1000 A JD5 2m RPS Cable (JD187A) HPE X290 1000 A JD5 Non-PoE 2m RPS Cable (JD188A) HPE X290 1000 B JD5 2m RPS Cable (JD189A) HPE X290 500/800 1m RPS Cable (JD190A) HPE X290 500 U 1m RPS Cable (JD185A)
<b>HPE 5500-24G-SFP EI Switch with 2 Interface Slots (JD374A)</b>	HPE X361 150W 100-240VAC to 12VDC Power Supply (JD362B) <sup>1</sup> HPE X361 150W 48-60VDC to 12VDC Power Supply (JD366B) <sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Products covered by 1 year warranty. See details at [hpe.com/networking/warrantyquickref](http://hpe.com/networking/warrantyquickref)

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